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APPLICATION NO.	Fi	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/658,261	09/08/2000		Jay N. Cohn	102258.288	3689	
25270	7590	12/05/2001				
EDWARD :	D GRIEF	F	EXAMINER			
HALE & DORR LLP 1455 PENNSYLVANIA AVE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20004				HENLEY III, I	HENLEY III, RAYMOND J	
			,	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1614		

DATE MAILED: 12/05/2001

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/658,261 Applicant(s)

Jay N. Cohn, et al.

Examiner

**Ray Henley** 

Art Unit 1614



The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address		
Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.			
<ul> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days,</li> </ul>	ation.		
be considered timely.	eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this		
communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by s  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the r earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	tatute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any		
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on			
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowand closed in accordance with the practice under	ce except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is Ex parte Quay/1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims			
4) 🗓 Claim(s) <u>1-41</u>	is/are pending in the applica		
4a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from considera		
5)	is/are allowed.		
6) 🗓 Claim(s) <u>1-41</u>	is/are rejected.		
7)	is/are objected to.		
8)	are subject to restriction and/or election requirem		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
10) The drawing(s) filed on	is/are objected to by the Examiner.		
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: al☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved.		
12)  The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	miner.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).		
a)☐ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐None of:			
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have</li> </ol>			
• • • •	ave been received in Application No		
<ol> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bur</li> <li>*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of</li> </ol>	documents have been received in this National Stage reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). the certified copies not received.		
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domest			
Attachment(s)			
15) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).		
16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	19) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)		
17) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	20)		

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### **CLAIMS 1-41 ARE PRESENTED FOR EXAMINATION**

Applicants' Information Disclosure Statements filed September 8, 2000, October 27, 2000, February 6, 2001, April 24, 2001 and November 18, 2001 have been received and entered into the application. As reflected by the attached, completed copies of form PTO-1449, the cited references have been considered.

## Claim Rejection - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cohn (U.S. Patent No. 4,868,179).

Cohn teaches a method of reducing mortality associated with chronic congestive heart failure in a patient with impaired cardiac function and concomitant reduced exercise tolerance with comprises the administration of between about 75 and 300 mg. of hydralazine, per day, and between about 40 and about 160 mg. of isosorbide dinitrate, per day. See the abstract. The patientee further teaches that the patient is additionally placed on a regimen of another cardiovascular-treating drug such as conventional diuretic therapy to manage edema and

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depending on the diuretic employed, potassium compounds or foods high in potassium content may be employed. The patentee highlights diuretics such as chlorthiazide, hydrochlorothiazide, ethacrynic acid, furosemide, spironolactone and triamterene. See column 2, line 62 - column 3, line 18. It is also highlighted that digoxin is a conventional treatment for congestive heart failure (column 3, line 68 - column 4, line 1).

The differences between the above and applicants' claimed subject matter lies in that the patentees fail to highlight:

- (1) isosorbide mononitrate or other hydralazine compounds;
- (2) a black patient population;
- (3) additional treatment with other agents useful for treating a cardiovascular disease (e.g., present claim 29); and
  - (4) a kit containing the active ingredients.

However, to the skilled artisan, applicant's claimed subject matter would have been obvious because:

(1-2) Given that isosorbide dinitrate and hydralazine compounds are taught to be effective, it would have logically flowed that compounds structurally/therapeutically similar would also be effective which would have motivated the skilled artisan to select such compounds from those known. Also, the patentee teaches patients in general and thus would have included all race populations.

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(3) As noted above, the patentee teaches patients in general and thus would have included

those suffering from other disorders, including cardiovascular disorders other than congestive

heart failure, and taking the appropriate medication for treating such other disorders.

(4) The selection of a specific packaging means would have been a matter well within the

purview of the skilled artisan.

Accordingly, for the above reasons, the claims are deemed to be properly rejected and

none of the claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Ray Henley whose telephone number is (703) 308-4652.

RAYMOND HENLEY, UPRIMARY EXAMINER

GROUP 1000

Henley; rjh

November 30, 2001